

# Annual Report (2015-2017)



## GRAMODAYA SAMAJIK SANSTHAN (GSS)

**Thali, Chaksu, Jaipur, Rajasthan**

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## **In Hope of Community Trust**

People can not be developed; they can only develop themselves. For a while it is possible for an outsider to build a man's house, an outsider cannot give the man pride and self. Confidence in him for human being. Those things a man has to create in himself by his own actions. He develop himself by what he does; he develop himself by making his own decisions, by increasing his understanding of what he is doing and why, by increasing his own knowledge and ability and by his own full participation –as an equal in the life of the community he lives in. This becomes more fruitful when this self development process start from the beginning.

Stepping into the twenty- first Century, one cannot but be amazed at the spectacular achievements of the world community. The development sector has undergone major upheavals with little impact on the quality of life of the poor. In the maze, it is gratifying to come across small groups of committed people and die-hard optimist within mainstream institution who have been trying to make a difference. Those involved in social mobilization for change have tried to create people's organization with a view to enabling them to negotiate in this unequal world from a position of strength.

However perched on the same threshold, Gramodya Samajik Sansthan since its inception has taken this into account and spontaneously dealing with the persistent poverty, high level of morbidity and mortality, illiteracy, medieval social practices that confine three -fourth Indian to clearly demarcated spaces.

We have focused our efforts in the key areas of:

▲ **Health** ▲ **Telemedicine (First Ngo in Rajasthan)** ▲ **Education** ▲ **Sustainable Livelihood**  
▲ **Natural Resource Management** ▲ **WASH** ▲ **Women Empowerment** ▲ **Child Rights**  
▲ **Youth Development** ▲ **Rural Electrification** ▲ **Digitalization of rural households**

Aligning our efforts with government and CSR initiatives, we have strived to create a platform for underprivileged communities to achieve sustainable development.

As we look to the future, we see great possibilities in the creation of sustainable models for development. In convergence with governmental as well as non governmental entities, we aim to bring about a wave of transformation that will empower the rural communities of India with the power of hope and also the ability to realize their dream.

## From GSS Team

### *Foreword.....*



Founded by Shri Kedar Prasad Shrima and some energetic youth of Village Thali Gramodaya Samajik Sansthan was established on 1988-89. The cause which evoked these youth was the painstaking devastation flood in 1981 which destroyed many villages and took several lives. Much organization came forward for short term relief packages but things were different behind the veil. In this situation the rural community was deprived of basic amenities. Rural statistics showed more than seventy-five percent downfalls in agricultural production. Production from cattle also became 10-15 percent. Even lack of employment and nutritional opportunities resulted in havoc migration of villagers towards metropolitans. Illiteracy and immense crisis of healthy atmosphere were at its peak. . Shree Kedar Prasad Shrima who was working with different voluntary organization felt the pain and experience that critical situation.

He took the first initiative and collected few youth to shape a new platform from where they could organize the fragmented society. With respect to the issue they conducted some meetings with the victims of devastation and collaboratively they founded the platform –‘GRAMODAYA SAMAJIK SANSTHAN’

Gramodaya Samajik Sansthan has completed 26 years in developing rural outskirts of Rajasthan through working since 1989 on various development issues like – WASH, Women Empowerment, Child Rights, Youth Development, Health, Education , Sustainable Livelihoods, Natural Resource Management, Rural Electrification, Digitalization of rural households in Rajasthan from the support of different national and international funding agencies – Catholic Relief Services (CRS), CAPART , UNICEF, NABARD, Save The Children, APRO, MAMTA Health Institute For Mother and Child Health, IIMPACT, Charities Aid Foundation, Corporate Social Responsibility projects from Canon, United Sprit Ltd, Tata Trusts and Bravo Solar Pvt. Ltd etc. GSS also have projects from Government of Rajasthan & Government of India Presently, GSS is changing lives of more than 1,00,000 households with various development projects in Rajasthan and Haryana.

Over the years GSS’s rural development initiatives have been extensively recognized by Government of Rajasthan, Government of India, Many Donor Agencies and CSRs. GSS is already in implementation of various CSR initiatives in Rajasthan and GSS is proud to be an expert agency as State Resource Member in State Water Resource Planning Department of Government of Rajasthan. Thus we can strongly work as a catalyst agency and help corporates to achieve their CSR goals by bridging the gap between them and target communities.

## **GRAMODAYA SAMAJIK SANSTHAN (GSS)**

Logo :



### **GSS OVERVIEW**

#### **GSS- THE VISION**

- Increase overall human well being through sustainable changes with people's participation
- Upliftment of deprived community through socio –economic empowerment
- Establishment of an atmosphere of equity and justice by creating more evolved individuals through right awareness, capacity building and empowerment with a focus on child development.

#### **GSS – ITS MISSION**

- GSS is dedicated to socio economic empowerment of rural and remote areas of Rajasthan especially schedule caste and tribes, small marginalized farmers , the landless and deprived women, children and youth along with other weaker and socially under privileged groups thereby promoting their empowerment and self reliance through natural social physical cultural and economic upliftment of rural population.

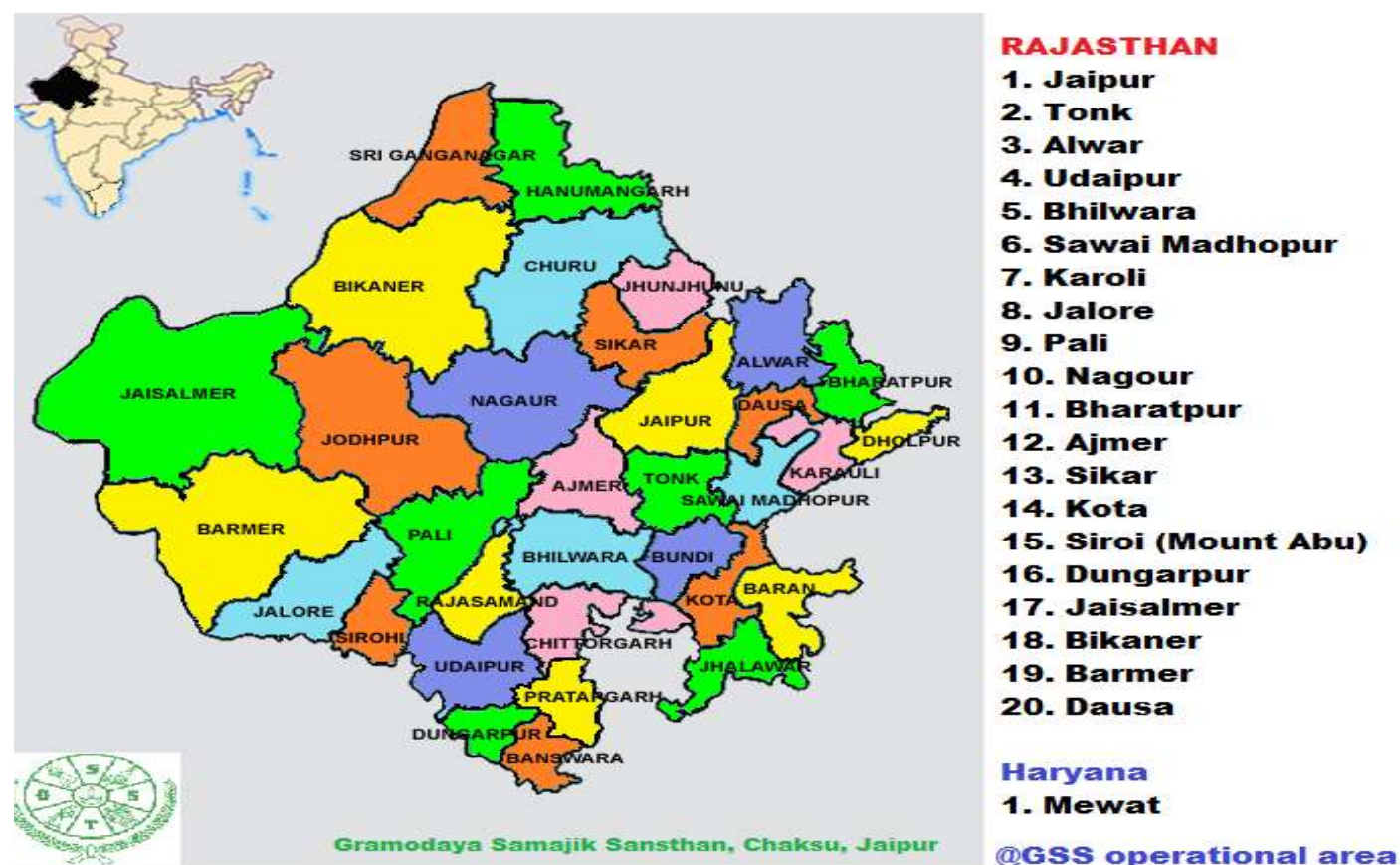
#### **GSS –ITS OBJECTIVE**

- To impart various techniques of farm and non-farm livelihood.
- To build up capacity among different community for effective participation in Natural resource and Drought Management and to bring out new techniques for the same.
- To create awareness among deprived communities about education , health etc and to guide them in this respect.
- To organize the youth community for all-round social development
- To create awareness about safe motherhood and child development to enhance child development program in different communities.
- To crush blind orthodoxies and to develop addiction free society.
- To uplift women education and development programs for effective participation of women in society.
- To liaison between Government stakeholders and deprived community for all-round welfare of the society

## Our core area:

### INTERVENTION REGION

The intervention of Gramodaya Samajik Santhan is whole Rajasthan Circle, it is working in Jaipur, Alwar, Dausa, Tonk, Swaimadhampur, Bhilwara, Karroli, Jalor, Jodhpur, Jaisalmer, Udaipur, Dungarpur, Bikaner, Nagour, and Pali districts of Rajasthan.



Focus Area:	Our Expertise:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Health</li> <li>Telemedicine (First Ngo in Rajasthan)</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Livelihood</li> <li>Natural Resource Management</li> <li>WASH,</li> <li>Women Empowerment</li> <li>Child Rights</li> <li>Youth Development</li> <li>Rural Electrification</li> <li>Digital empowerment of rural households</li> <li>Sanitation &amp; personal hygiene (Stree - Sanitary pad production unit)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Natural Resource Management</li> <li>Water and Sanitation</li> <li>Water Harvesting and Management</li> <li>Education</li> <li>Health &amp; HIV</li> <li>Child and Adolescent Development</li> <li>Training and Research</li> <li>Women Empowerment</li> <li>Waste Management</li> <li>Telemedicine Services</li> </ul>

## HEALTH



**Health:** - Health is one of the thematic area of GSS. Conducting the health programs GSS believes in strengthening of accessibility to government health services by increasing health seeking behavior amongst community and sensitization of service providers at entire level. For this aim GSS has been organizing different field level programs especially for children and women as reproductive child health program, training programs as training of adolescents on sex and sexuality and differing advocacy program for district health planning, sexual rights of adolescents through rights based development approach.

### Telemedicine:

Gramodaya Samajik Sansthan is **first NGO in Rajasthan** to initiate **Telemedicine Project** for rural community in outskirts of Rajasthan. GSS started 3 Telemedicine centre in Chaksu (Jaipur), Unniara (Tonk) and Daulatpura (Dausa) with technical support from **Mahatma Gandhi Hospital**. Telemedicine centers are covering a total population of 60,000 for community medical service at their door step availability.

### Services in Telemedicine Centre:

- Daily OPD with Video conference from medical experts
- Primary health services
- Diagnosis and investigation
- Ambulance referral
- Mini Pharmacy



### Eye Care: Vision Care Centre

GSS is providing eye care treatment to rural community of Firozpur Namak, Mewat through an established Vision Care Centre supported by **Cannon India**. This centre is facilitating eye care services to rural community through expert ophthalmologist. During the year from January 2016 till date, a total of 250 patients have got benefitted by our services.

### Services in Vision Care Centre:

- Free Eye Check up
- Medical advice and referral
- Lens implantation
- Regular Follow up with patients
- Providing spectacles
- Awareness camp for eye care
- Medical camps

### Community Health Care Centre/ Referral Centre

The health care needs of the rural poor population of remote locations of Udaipur and Alwar addressed through Community Health Care Centre/ Referral centre set up by GSS with the help of **USL** and **CAF**. During the year, 3000 patients got benefitted by medical services of CHCC. #

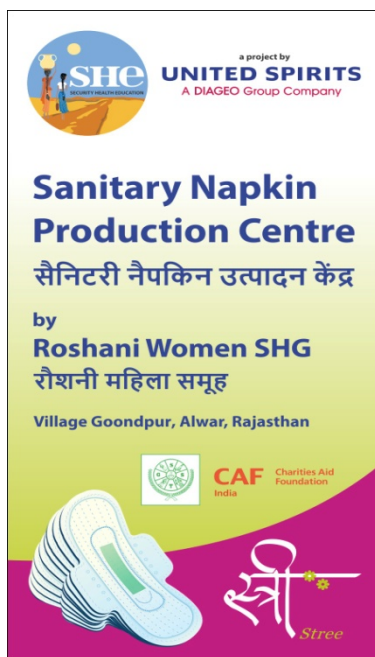


## Services in CHCC

- Free medical camps
- Free check up & diagnosis
- Primary health care treatment
- Awareness on health & Hygiene
- Free medicine distribution
- Referral of critical cases in emergency
- Follow up

## Sanitation:

### Sanitary Pads Production Unit:



Indeed today we watch advertisements of sanitary pads on television, read it in newspapers and magazines, but this all is for urban lower middle class-upper middle class or higher classes! WHAT ABOUT THE RURAL WOMEN? Do we know what they use as sanitary pads-newspapers, plastics, polythenes, ashes, cow dung dried cakes, leaves, grass, the worst and waste cloth and many other things which is difficult to write here....a rough analysis says that 98% of rural women has hardly any proper option for sanitary pads!!!! Think how difficult it is? And its worth reading how many women die because of lack of this every year!

Rural girl children do not go to school after age of 11-12 years why? Not because that teachers are not there, not because that school is not good-but because they do not have option for sanitary pads and if they have any option for sanitary pads/napkins they have no option of place for changing it –as hardly any toilets or washrooms are there!

GSS decides to setup a sanitary pad production plant owned by self help group females in Alwar. Most marginalized rural women would be formed in to community collectives of 10-15 member each and on fortnightly basis

groups would be trained on usage of sanitary pads and various health benefits with that. Also these women would be trained on institutional delivery and basic hygienic practices. On monthly basis these women would be distributed ‘Sanitary pad’ to use during their monthly menstruation period.

Some of the collective women would be engaged in developing these sanitary pads through a social enterprises and social marketing.

In a way rural women would produce sanitary pads, they would be trained on usage of it and health benefits and they would be the final consumer too.

*‘Gramodaya Samajik Sansthan is second NGO in Rajasthan to initiate this social enterprise owned by SHG. This venture is supported by USL and CAF.’*

### School Toilet Construction and Maintenance



GSS constructed and repaired school toilets with support of **Cannon India, Rural Electrification Corporation**. The main focus was given to sanitation for girls as special toilets with Insulator constructed so that they can dispose waste sanitary pads in toilets and promote hygiene in menstruation days. A total 32 new toilets in 16 schools of Salumbar block of Udaipur District. 20 toilets are maintained and repaired in Mewat District.

**Reproductive and Child Health:** This program is implementing in 15 Villages of the Malpura Block of Tonk district by funding support of NRHM under mother NGO scheme. Natal care services are also provided by Gramodaya in collaboration of Local PHC & Health sub centers in the communities. These services contained **Antenatal Care, Natal care (Safe Delivery), Post Natal Care, Nutrition and health Education**

### **Health Awareness Camps**

New initiatives to increase awareness among the rural community were brought in practices. This was initiated after conducting a health awareness training of staff. The main aim of the training was to equip the staff with new tools for interacting with the community and educating the masses on need of immunization, safe motherhood, non-curable diseases and their prevention, ANC, PNC and importance of balanced diet. The tools to be used consisted of dramatics, role-plays, songs and chart presentation.

**Special health camps:** Special health conducted on RCH & RTI, EYE Camp operation, Family Planning Camps,

**Adolescent friendly Health Services:** This programme was supported by MAMTA Institute of mother and Child in entire Rajasthan for promotion of adolescent friendly health services in planning at each level of government system, the major activities of this project was formation and training to youth groups and capacity building (Village to District level Groups) of them regarding adolescent friendly health services, facilitate to adolescent group for advocacy for change and include these services in district health plan and allocate the budget for same.

**T.B. Eradication Programme:** TB eradication programme supported by Global fund in partnership with MAMTA this programme implemented in two district of Rajasthan the strategy of programme was awareness generation and feel the gap of services in the area.

**Awareness Regarding food and Nutrition:** This programme supported by IIHMR Jaipur funded by Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition and implemented in entire Rajasthan through Slogan writing, Aware stalls in fairs, Student / Women rallies and other folk media used for awareness.

**Training of adolescents on sex and sexualities:** - GSS has organized trainings of adolescent boys and girls separately on sexual health. Gradually 35 -38 girls and boys have participated in each training programs. Objective of the training was to protect children from sexual abuses and hazardous by ice-breaking and increasing preparedness to understand the hormonal and physical changes happening in this particular age itself. The issues like understood the changes in hormones, genitals and emotional, during adolescent age and Coping Mechanism, sex and sexuality, socialization of adolescents and peer relation and behavior. Latter these trained children have imparted the inputs to the peers during regular meetings.

**HIV /AIDS:** In association with Rajasthan State AIDS Control Society, GSS is implementing target intervention project with sex workers in Bhiwadi. The project aims to work with over 10,000 migrants, sex workers for coping HIV/AIDS problem among sexual trafficker, drivers, clients of sex worker by imparting education and awareness about HIV protection, promoting usage of condoms.

## **CHILD DEVELOPMENT**

**Child Clubs:** - GSS has facilitated Child Resource Centre- Child clubs conducting in collaboration of government schools. Child club is a centre where children have access to knowledge through reading material including Child Magazine (Bal Patrika), entertainment through musical instruments, enhance their knowledge & information base, physical growth through various competitions & sports events and enhancement in learning through various exposure visits would be conducted. Their dreams would be explored and given shape through different exercises. Apart from this child clubs have provided another platform for inclusion and reducing discrimination amongst children. Since child clubs have helped in mainstreaming of approximate 2500 children in schools.



**Holiday Camps for Children:** - Holiday camps for children to give altitude to child club concept in schools as mass level. Children have enjoyed different recreation and extra curricular activities like clay molding, roll-plays, story making, drawing and painting, hand made paper making etc in camps. The activity was more encouraging for excluded children who do not have orientation and access to school due to cross the eligible age set by government. Children have shared their experiences to each other and provoked excluded to mainstream. Venue for the activity was school so this put another value for encouragement of children, parents and teachers too, who never ever been realized the potential of their children.

**Child fair and Science Exhibition:** - GSS has organized science exhibition for children to reduce fear of science and to introduce innovative and contemporary vocational skills among village children through expose and interface them with electro-scientifically mechanized equipment and devises through learning by doing process. At door-step we have done consultation drive with children, teachers and parents for better planning of activity. After this we have got identified and selected finally children from villages for training on making of working models. Children have prepared working models for 4 sections 1. Electronically operated cadmium sulfide based security systems for banks, road security and energy severers etc. 2. Eco-friendly energy, soil and water conservation techniques and green-house effect like remote operated power on-off system, ozone-layer, contour-bounding, recycling of water etc. 3 Conventional energy production like solar energy, wind-mills, solar water heating systems etc. 4 Working model of computer. After all preparation we have organized 1 day fair and exhibition. During the exhibition and fair children have demonstrated their models to participating children however children have also shared and performed plays, poems, songs and other thematic and cultural programs. Children, adults, stakeholders and teachers from villages have participated in this program.

**Interface of children with teachers and stakeholders to increase synergy and redress of child related issues:** - GSS is facilitating children to have interface meetings with teachers and other stakeholders separately on quarterly basis. The objective of these activities was to strengthening synergy between children-teacher and children-adults through enhancing confidence amongst children and preparedness amongst adults including teacher. However promoting and programming of child participation in decisions regarding children in school and villages. As result children have become more confident and vocal and adults started giving respect to children's voice. Hence adults seek suggestions and inputs of children while planning all school level and proclamation activities. Even children have developed Child Led Indicators for holistic development of village.

**Grievance/Suggestion box:** - Grievance box have affixed in villages to promote reporting of children's grievances and suggestions especially protection issues. The objective of boxes of reporting without disclosing identity of reporter has been shared and harmony developed with both children and adults. Some ground rules regarding open the box, record maintenance, response and redressed of issues and location of the box in village or school been set previously jointly by children and adults including teachers. Children are using grievance box frequently and child protection committees are providing resolutions of the issues.

**Baby Care Centers:** At present 13 BCC with 13 workers are functioning in the project area. These centers were established in different villages. At present the numbers of children enrolled are 274. Various activities related to distribution of nutrition, health's check up and extra curricular activities like toy making, games and health and sanitation are being implemented in the BCC.

## EDUCATION

*Education (Inclusive Quality Education) centre:* - As per the GSS's concept the character of programs is to promote children's rights especially right to education through collective initiatives and efforts of community, stakeholders and government from ensuring the same in family, school and village. The thematic are is ensuring right to education by creating child friendly environment in school too. GSS has sectorial intervention for education in the manner of promoting co-curricular activities to make school interesting and ensuring child friendly classroom practices and safe and friendly infrastructure of school.

However in regard of traditional work on education, it somehow never been the priority of GSS's concept on working on education. In respect of education the conceptual thing is to promote and develop child friendly and safe environment in school through ensuring community participation and behavioral changes in primary duty bearers, parents and children itself and child friendly physical development of school too. That's it GSS is doing in manner of strengthening of SDMC/SMC, PTA, teacher's trainings on behavioral development, promoting accountabilities of PRI members towards school and children, strengthening CC and promotion of co-curricular activities in school etc., encompassing child protection in all.

This effort was made towards proper maintenance of records of girls (9-14yrs) who are enrolled in our schools. At present there are **540** girls enrolled in **13** schools running in the areas. Files containing information about their status when they joined the school and status of girls when they left was ensured. Many girls are forced to discontinue their education because of marriage. Efforts were also made by teachers with support of staff to educate the parents of girls into stopping early marriages that is very prevalent in this area.

**Formation and strengthening SDMC:-** GSS in it's working area schools has facilitated SDMC/SMC formation process and latter organized capacity building programs including training on role, responsibilities and rights, child rights, routine visioning through regularizing meetings and facilitation in decision making process etc. The objective of formation and strengthening was to ensure meaningful community participation in school development and management. For this activity, we have started our intervention with formed and defunct SDMC members, parents, Village Development Committees formed by GSS, village community and school simultaneously. Initially we started orientation of SDMC and VDC members as well as community on the role and rights in school management. It was the more potential focal point due to frustration and unfaith amongst community in school because of malpractices and irregularities in school and dominance of teachers. Initially we had to face opposition of teachers but later this opposition had been diluted due to community pressure. Finally we concentrated on reinforcement of SDMC formation process and regular meetings. Due to consistent efforts, after approximate over the period of 1 year SDMC became more vibrant and overtook development and management in their hand. We have adopted cluster approach for this activity which was focused at 1 school between 5 to 6 satellite schools and flow effect to others to create evidence by maximum utilization of resources.

**Strengthening PTA:** - As SDMC, PTA also has important stake for school environment, enrolment and retention of children in school. Likewise SDMC, GSS had followed same process for PTA strengthening. Being quite larger group affect is low in comparison with SDMC. But in villages PTA s are quite more strengthen and assisting SDMCs for school develop and management through sharing and suggesting. Even PTA members' visits in schools have increased also some villages PTA are starting maintaining visit registers in school.

**Bhasha-se-Bhasha ki or ( a program for slow learners in schools):-** GSS has organized special classes for weak children and slow learners for objective to enhance learning level of children as well realization of child friendly teaching amongst community and teachers.

**Training of government teachers on discipline and positive discrimination:** - GSS has organized training of government school teachers on discipline and positive discrimination. Objective of the training was to make the teachers oriented and sensitive on working with children during classroom practices. Punishment to maintain discipline in school and discrimination during sitting arrangements, Mid Day Meal and other school level courses leads to dropout of children. However schools are quite more unsafe for children in respect of physical punishment and gender, cast discrimination. Even children, teachers and parents do accept corporal punishment as means for betterment of children. As result corporal punishment is reduced and cast and gender based discrimination diluted in project schools. Even during observation of national children's day teachers, children and SDMC members have set sticks into fire in villages.

**VDC meetings on education:** As a mark in expanding the role of VDCs from NRM to other aspects of village development the problem faced by the staff in checking irregularity of girls in schools were brought up in front of VDCs of their respective villages. Problems faced in villages relating to irregularity and not

joining of girls to school, site selection for schools and formation of disciplinary committee were all discussed in the VDC meeting. 4 villages the VDC met to discuss problems faced in running schools. The VDC members extended their support and also helped the workers in site selection for schools and in communicating with the parents.

**Life skill Education:** In a move towards educating adolescent girls on various aspects of growing up. Trainings with adolescent girls were organized, these girls as part of peer educating shared their learning's with other adolescent girls in their schools and villages. The training was conducted on the topics of education included

- Need and importance of life skill education for adolescence
- Physical and psychological changes in adolescence
- Self and surroundings-an understanding with social, cultural and emotional aspect.
- Problems of adolescent age with reference to relationship, marriage, etc.
- Gender and sexuality.
- Importance of nutritional and complete diet
- RTI, STI, HIV and AIDS
- Reproductive health

## **NETWORKING & ADVOCACY**

**Networking and advocacy efforts:-** Advocacy for development issues in association with community, stakeholders and civil society organization to promote accountability of government duty bearers is another strategy of GSS working. GSS has formed a network of civil society organization for advocacy and has been organizing different advocacy program/activities from time to time at village/district level in association with community through lobbying and capacity building.

**Legal Literacy:** Legal literacy is also one of the new initiatives taken by Gramodaya for raising awareness among the rural mass about the legal provisions on different aspects .The need of legal literacy among the community was felt during the intervention and at initial level it was planned with the organizational staff. The objective of the legal literacy program is generation of awareness; dissemination of information regarding legal rights and procedures involved. A common villager of the area should know basic legal rights and also procedures and channels for ensuring her / his rights. Thus specifically the objective of the program is enhancement of the common villagers regarding – Legal rights, Legal procedures and channels, Duties and responsibilities (what is not lawful), Juvenile Justice etc.

**Public-hearing (Jansunvai) program:-** GSS has organizing “Jansunvai” program time to time, the Objective of the program was to fill the gap between community and government duty bearers and promoting accountability of community representatives through right awareness, information capacity building and collaborated advocacy efforts by community based organizations. In this program, government departments (education, health, labour SSA and other) and Community representatives including MLA and panchayat samiti Pradhan and other stake holder, service provider and accountable person participate in this programme. During the program village representatives and CBO members have presented the situations of their villages and submitted application and memorandum regarding to community representatives and departments.

## **WOMEN EMPOWERMENT**

Women Empowerment is one of the important activities run by Gramodaya in its working area to ensure sustainable Development. The mother of any child is needed to be empowered properly, so that in all circumstances for all the time she can look after the child and her/his development. Keeping this view Gramodaya, since initiation of project focuses on women empowerment through SHG to make them economically, socially and psychologically strong who can participate in decision making process and advocate their rights in society. The strategy of SHG is **FORMING, STORMING and NORMING** and The activities of the programme are Formation of SHG, Saving and credit, Inter loaning, Up gradation and reformation of Self Help Groups, cluster formation, Cluster meetings, SHG/ Group Accountant's Training, Liaising Meeting of SHGs with PRI members and Bankers, Bank linkages.

Recently A sanitary pad production unit is also establish to empower women through livelihood by owning the enterprises by Roshani SHG, Goondpur, Alwar. This initiative is named STREE which will empower community women socially as well as economically. Initially this is supported by USL CSR through CAF India.

### **Campaigning against Child Marriage:**

In Rajasthan rural out skirts, there was a social stigma of child marriages prevailing in society. GSS took this issue on very serious note and started campaigning in different villages of Rajasthan. This involved motivating 1000 PRI members by taking oath of getting indulge neither in child marriage nor letting it happen in their villages.

## **NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT**

### **NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT – WATER HARVESTING PROGRAMS**

The degradation of environment and diminishing natural resources has adversely affected the livelihood of people in the region. Recurrent drought has led to depleted water levels and forest covers, and a crisis in fodder and fuel wood. Women and children are the one generally responsible for collecting fuel wood and fetch water. They have to travel long distances to fetch water and fuel for household chores. This leads to hard physical labor as they are exposed to scorching sun and danger of wild animals. Also most of the girls get so over burdened that they eventually give up education or are forced to do the daily work. Drought and resulting depleting water table have affected livelihood of the farmers who were mostly dependent on their land for food and income. Reduced income from land led to migrations of villagers to cities in search of more income generating livelihoods. The families left behind especially children had to face multiple consequences when parents migrate for work. Older children mostly tend to take on additional responsibilities, and some are also pushed into wage labor that disrupts their education. Often the migrated laborers have to work in very dangerous and unsafe working place at rates, which are very minimal. This sometimes leads to increase tension in family to which even the children are exposed. This has very severe psychological effects on minds of young children. Furthest children are also engaged in animal husbandry especially in grazing of goats. Goats are often called poor man's cow. They unlike bigger ruminants like cows and buffaloes are very adaptable to the region and can survive adverse conditions. They serve additional purpose of milk and meat for the family. Children especially young boys and girls are given the task to graze these animals to avoid cost of hiring labour.

In order to ensure that children are provided basic facilities of education, health and recreation it becomes important to address all these issues through active community participation and mobilization. The immediate objective of the project are summoned below

- To increase agricultural productivity and improve quality of land
- To improve accessibility and availability of potable drinking water for poor children
- To improve the health and well being, particularly of women and children
- Preservation and conservation of water resources for sustainable use in future.

- To create environmental awareness in people regarding resource degradation, depletion, conservation and regeneration of degraded resources

These approaches will aim to promoting child rights that focuses on listening to voices of children, respect for the children, children's participation and thereby building an environment that is child friendly and motivating.

Under the program of Natural Resource Management; as stated earlier, Water Harvesting program is the prime focus. The Water harvesting program again, comprises of following activities whose yearly progress are in the following:

1. **Water harvesting Structures**
  - a) **Anicuts**
  - b) **Farm ponds**
2. **Rainroof water Harvesting Structures**
3. **Pasteur Land Development:**

#### **Water Resource Management:**

GSS has been rejuvenating and repairing existing community Water Resources like –

1. **Water harvesting Structures**
  - a) **Anicuts**
  - b) **Farm ponds**
2. **Rain roof water Harvesting Structures**
3. **Safe and Clean Drinking water – Well/ Hand Pumps etc.**

It involves management community of water resources in villages through inclusive and participatory community monitoring of the work done in villages and ownership of the program by GSS.

Presently GSS has repaired - 213 hand pumps, 57 Ponds, 89 Anicuts and installed 12 RO systems and water cooler in schools.

**National Rural Drinking Water Quality Monitoring & Surveillance Programme:** This programme has been implemented in 177 villages of 48 Gram Panchayat in Raipur and Banera Block of Bhilwara district by financial and technical support of “Communication and Capacity building Unit (CCDU). The main objective of the program was **“To aware community and sensitize stake holders for safe drinking water in rural area of Bhilwara District.”**

Major Component of programme were–

**Training of block level officials:** Total 9 trainings were conducted in two block of district Bhilwara. From department of PHED – 20, ICDS- 64, Health- 45, NRHM- 55, Education- 29, **PRI-26** and 11 persons from other deferent departments were trained and a block level resource team was consisted in Raipur and Banera blocks in collaboration of district and block level administration. The main issues of those training were

- Community based management of Water & Drinking Water Resources.
- Cause and effects of polluted water.
- Parameters of Safe drinking Water
- Water and Waterborne Disease
- Techniques for safe drinking water and maintenance of Resources
- Water testing through “field testing kit”
- Selection of “JAL SURAKSHAK” at Panchyat Level

**Village contact Drive :** In 177 project villages this activity was conducted in participation of trained member of block resource team. Village level rallies conducted in association of government schools, ICDS center and other children and village community. Village and panchayat level “PANI PANCHYAT” were also formulated in each village.

**6.1.3 Sanitation Survey:** To assess present condition of drinking water resources of village a sanitary survey conducted for 47 open wells, 385 hand pumps, and 04 bore well in the 177 project villages and reports been shared in Gramsabha. A cumulative report also been submitted to government.

- Integrated Water Resource Management (IWRM)
- Formation of VWHSC (Village Water Health and Sanitation Committee)
- Training of VWHSC
- Establishment of Block level Water Resource Center
- Data Collection (Primary and Secondary)
- Data analysis
- Mohalla Sabha
- Water budgeting (Requirement, Availability and Gap in supply)
- Preparation of GP's IWRM Plan
- IWRM plan presentation in Gram Sabha and Approved by Gram Sabha.
- IWRM plan approved and inclusion in District Annual Plan
- Training to District and Block Level official on IWRM Concept and Convergence
- Hand holding Support in Implementation of IWRM Plan by Gram Panchayat

### **Digital Rajasthan: DRUV (DIGITAL EMPOWERMENT)**

The GSS team relentlessly working towards **DRUV PROJECT** effectively and efficiently for last three month with Tata Trusts. We are also committed to build a digital inclusive society of rural areas of Rajasthan especially entire village and block of Jaipur District. GSS has been engaged with DRUV Project with support from Tata Trusts since 1 March 2016 as an implementing agency. GSS implemented DRUV project in five villages of Chomu block of Jaipur district and had coverage of 878 households. Brief details are as following.

<b>Table 4 – 1<sup>st</sup> phase Project DRUV in Chomu, Jaipur</b>			
S.N.	Village Name	Box Installation Details	DRUV Mitra
1	Khejroli	303	2
2	Chitwadi	168	1
3	Morija	151	1
4	Dhanota	130	1
5.	Samod	126	1
TOTAL		878	6
Coordination and supervision by senior staff and Management			2

#### **a. GSS Objectives with DRUV Project and Key Result Areas:-**

GSS's objective to make lives better through promoting digital inclusion, financial inclusion and social inclusion in rural pockets of Rajasthan.

#### **b. Key result areas of the project –**

- ❖ Installation of DRUV Boxes in 5000 Households.
- ❖ 50% households doing transaction through electronic wallet
- ❖ Minimum 2 e-wallet transactions per month per household
- ❖ Women making up at least 40% of total user
- ❖ 40% Farmers accessing latest information regarding agriculture and marketing.
- ❖ At least three times provide user education to subscriber by DRUV MITRA



- ❖ At least DRUV MITRA two times visit in a month in each household
- ❖ Children and adolescent are special focus for us. So, GSS will cover 80% children & adolescent to encourage and promote e-learning and developed his / her knowledge & skills through DRUV services (especially educational gadget).

### c. Target Group

GSS through DRUV is mainly targeted for providing access to digital information to the population who would not normally be able to take advantage of the Internet due to the lack of access to computers and smart devices or because of English knowledge or literacy level that is required to operate any computing device.

GSS will focus and guide campaign team for these household especially

- People who are not having electronic gadgets like Laptop/desktop, android mobile and internet facility but interested to access information and communication technology.
- Priority to Schedule Caste and Schedule Tribe/ economic weaker section in villages
- BPL / Antyodaya card holders / category families.
- Families who are having HD television/ set top box.

### a. Legal Status

<b>Name</b>	GRAMODAYA SAMAJIK SANSTHAN (GSS)
<b>Legal Status</b>	Society (Registered under Rajasthan Society Registration ACT 28, 1958)
<b>Society Registration No.</b>	3728-89
<b>Date of Registration</b>	Dated 13 March 1989, Place : Jaipur
<b>F.C.R.A.Registration No.</b>	125560115 - Dated 9 Nov 1999 (Renewed - 2016)
<b>12 A</b>	78/11 (19/98-99/2803 dt.17.3.1999
<b>80 G</b>	80G/35/03/2010-11/2906 Dated 17/03/2011
<b>PAN</b>	AAATG2806N
<b>TAN</b>	JPRG02954A
<b>Address of Registration</b>	Village & Post –Thali, Via Chaksu-303901, Jaipur (Raj)
<b>Area of Operation</b>	Throughout Rajasthan
<b>Address of Head Office</b>	29 Devnagar, Suraj Kund Road, Chaksu, Jaipur, (Rajasthan)
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.gramodaya.in">http://www.gramodaya.in</a>
<b>Facebook</b>	<a href="https://web.facebook.com/gramodayachaksu/">https://web.facebook.com/gramodayachaksu/</a> , <a href="https://web.facebook.com/gramodayasamajik.sansthan">https://web.facebook.com/gramodayasamajik.sansthan</a>
<b>Name and designation of contact person</b>	Mr. Kedar Prasad Shrimal, Director & President
<b>Mobile No</b>	+91-9414207300 & +91-8003127300
<b>E-mail</b>	<a href="mailto:gramodaya_sansthan@rediffmail.com">gramodaya_sansthan@rediffmail.com</a> , <a href="mailto:kedargss@yahoo.co.in">kedargss@yahoo.co.in</a>
<b>Accreditation by</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Government of Rajasthan</li> <li>2. CCDU Rajasthan</li> <li>3. (State level Resource Group Member for Water and Sanitation)</li> <li>4. NIAR (National Institute of Administrative Research,</li> <li>5. Certificate awarded for State level functionary of Rajasthan.</li> <li>6. National CSR HUB, TISS, Mumbai</li> </ol>

**Our Executive Board**

Sl No.	Name	Qualification	Designation	Remark
1	Kedar Prasad Shrimal	Graduate	President	33 year experience in Development Sector
2	Drigpal Singh	Post Graduate Social Science	Vice President	28 Year experience NRM Sector
3	Ramji Lal Sharma	Graduate	Secretary	25 Year experience in Management
4.	Ram Ratan Jangid	Post Graduate	Deputy Secretary	17 Year experience in training , health
5	Ganesh Dutt Sharma	MSW	Treasurer	30 Year experience in Education and Research
6	Ambuj Kishore	PGDRD	Vice Treasurer	20 Year experience Rural Management
7	Mrs. Kamala Jain	Middle	Member	20 Year experience in Women empowerment and Child development
8	Ramavtar Sharma	Vaid Visarad	Member	24 Year experience in Health
9	Paramjeet Kaur	Post Graduate	Member	15 year experience in health and advocacy
10	Babli Devi	Middle	Member	15 year experience in SHG Management

**Our Management Board**

S.N.	Name	Qualification	Position Held
1.	Kedar Prasad	Graduate	Director
2.	Ram Ratan Jangir	Post Graduate	Secretary / Adm
3.	Sunil Kumar	Post Graduate	Account/ HR Manager
4.	Prakash Singh	MSW - HR	Additional Director
5.	Mr. Faizan Ahmad	MSW	Program Manager
6.	Ms. Chandra Kala	PG	Staff Welfare

**Our Advisory Board**

S. N.	Name	Address	Occupation
1.	Dr. R. R. Meena	Community Health Center – Chaksu	Medical Officer
2.	Dr. C. M. Choudhary	SKIT Collage - Jaipur	HOD Computer Science
3.	Dr. M. S. Rathore	Institute of Environment Study – Jaipur	Rt. Professor IDS Jaipur
4.	Mr. Rajesh Sharma	Sector -8 Pratap Nagar – Sanganer, Jaipur	Education research
5.	Mr. Yaduraj Sharma	Sector -5 Pratap Nagar – Sanganer , Jaipur	Training and Research
6.	Mr. Vijay Parasar	Sanganer – Jaipur	Training / Life skill education
7.	Mr. Laxman Gurjar	Masoodpura, Pipalu, Tonk	Farmer
8.	Mrs. Murali Devi	Dehalala, Kotkhavada, Jaipur	Dairy Farming

## Financial particulars of the Agency

Financial Year	Turnover from projects	Total Turn over
2013-14	69,14,078.81	69,14,078.81
2014-15	27,48,247.23	27,48,247.23
2015-16	1,07,79,312	1,07,79,312
Total	2,04,41,638.04	2,04,41,638.04

### Our Policies

1. Admin Policy
2. Recruitment Policy
3. Human Resource Policy
4. Accounts and Purchase policy
5. Gender Policy
6. Child protection Policy
7. Vehicle and Travel Policy
8. Mess Policy
9. Sexual Harassment Policy

### Our Expertise:

- a. Natural Resource Management
- b. Water and Sanitation
- c. Water Harvesting and Management
- d. Education
- e. Health & HIV
- f. Child and Adolescent Development
- g. Training and Research
- h. Women Empowerment
- i. Waste Management

### Internship

We do consider candidates for Internship roles throughout the year as we feel its very important for a candidate to get a feeling of how the organization works and its activities function. Internships in Gramodaya will not just be about watching the activities from a distance but actually being involved extensively in the way the company carries out its business.

The role of Interns will be more towards Research and Analysis but there will be multiple roles offering development opportunities like accompanying senior members for Client Meetings, Implementation of programs, involvement in capacity building trainings etc.

## b. DIFFERENT ACTIVITIES OF GSS WITH DIFFERENT PARTNERS TILL 2016

Gramodaya since its inception has been engaged in several activities with different partners from time to time. Glimpse of its different activities is thereof presented in the following:

<b>Table-1 Details of Past Funding Agency with Specific Projects</b>				
<b>Sl.</b>	<b>Past Funding Agency</b>	<b>Duration</b>	<b>Project Title</b>	<b>Project Intervention</b>
1	<b>Gram Niyojan Kendra , Ghaziabad</b>	(1991-1994)	Promotion , Protection and Conservation of Environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capacity building of Local CBO's</li> <li>• Promotion and Protection of Environment</li> <li>• Capacity building of PRI Members</li> </ul>
2	<b>(Ministry of Health and Family Welfare) Government of India</b>	1995 -96	(PVOH-2) Mother and child health programme	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In 8 villages of Jaipur dist.</li> </ul>
3	<b>Government of India</b>	1998-2010	National Environment Awareness Campion	Awareness program on environment protection
4	<b>Catholic Relief Service (CRS)</b>	1993 - 2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Natural Resource Management</li> <li>• Integrated Agriculture Development Programme</li> <li>• Pre- watershed programme</li> <li>• Watershed Program</li> </ul>	In Jaipur and Tonk district. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Water Harvesting Programme : 125 Villages</li> <li>• Integrated Agriculture Development Programme 16 Villages</li> <li>• Watershed Development with Joint Forest Management Programme:18 Villages</li> <li>• Roof Rain Water Harvesting for drinking water for school students</li> <li>• Self help group and Women empowerment programme: 20 villages</li> </ul>
	<b>Catholic Relief Service (CRS)</b>	1995 - 2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safe Motherhood and Child Surviving Project</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ANC Services</li> <li>• Safe delivery</li> <li>• PNC Services</li> <li>• Child care</li> <li>• Health and Nutrition</li> <li>• Formation of mother's /Women's group</li> </ul>
	<b>Catholic Relief Service (CRS)</b>	1994 - 2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Student feeding Programme</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Teacher's Training</li> <li>• Joyfully learning</li> <li>• TLM Development</li> <li>• Mid day Meal</li> </ul>
5	<b>USAID/DFID</b>	2002	Drought mitigation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3 villges of Chaksu block of Jaipur District</li> </ul>
6	<b>Indian Institute of Health Management and Research (IIHMR)</b>	1994-195	Reproductive in Child Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mother and child health programme (PVOH –II) – 1994 - 95 in Jaipur dist.</li> <li>• Reproductive &amp; Child Health 2011 in Sanganer block of Jaipur dist.</li> </ul>

	<b>Indian Institute of Health Management and Research (IIHMR)</b>	2010-11	National Rural Water Development Program (VWSP)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Preparation of detail project report for Village water security in 400 habitation of Jaipur and Ajmer region</li> </ul>
	<b>Indian Institute of Health Management and Research (IIHMR)</b>	1997-98	Youth development program	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adolescent Development programme: 10 villages 1997-98 in Jaipur dist.</li> </ul>
	<b>Indian Institute of Health Management and Research (IIHMR)</b>	1998-2000	Strengthening socio-economic condition of women CBOs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Women empowerment 1998-2000 in Jaipur dist.</li> <li>• Capacity building of CBOs 1998-2000 in Jaipur dist.</li> <li>• Capacity building of PRI Leaders 1996 -97 in Jaipur dist.</li> </ul>
	<b>Indian Institute of Health Management and Research (IIHMR)</b>	2011-12	Reproductive and Sexual Health through Knowledge Power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Awareness regarding reproductive health among community.</li> <li>• Life skill education for adolescent.</li> <li>• ANC, INC and PNC services in collaboration of CHC and PHC.</li> </ul>
7	<b>State Water Resource Planning Department</b>	2011- 15	Integrated Water Resource Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Formation of VWHSC</li> <li>• Training of VWHSC</li> <li>• Data collection</li> <li>• PRA</li> <li>• Facilitation in Preparation of IWRP Plan</li> <li>• Approval of IWRM Plan by Gram Shabha</li> <li>• Approval of IWRM plan by DIWRM Team</li> </ul>
8	<b>Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN) through IIHMR</b>	2012-2014	Improved nutrition through Fortification of Flour Oil and Milk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social Awareness regarding fortified food (PMU-IPS) Whole Rajasthan (25 District).</li> </ul>
9	<b><u>Tarun Bharat Sangh</u></b>	1998-2000	Water harvesting Project	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Improving water recharge system with modern technology inputs</li> </ul>
10	<b>NABARD</b>		CBO Formation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Formation and strengthening of CBOs i.e. SHG, Kishan Club Etc.</li> </ul>
11	<b>Government of Rajasthan</b>		Disaster Management Program Owner less Cattle Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drought Management in Chaksu block of Jaipur dist.</li> <li>• Cattle camp (Drought Relief) in Chaksu block of Jaipur district</li> <li>• SHG Promotion Programme in 100 villages of Jaipur and Tonk District</li> <li>• Capacity building of folk media artist: This programme supported by WSSO (Water Sanitation Support Organization) Government of</li> </ul>

				<p>Rajasthan, and implanting in all the 7 administrative region of Rajasthan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IWRM (Integrated Water Resources Management): The IWRM project supported by STATE WATER RESOURCES DEPARTMENT and implementing in 461 Gram panchayat of 11 Blocks in Nagaur district. The focus of the project is Hand holding Support and Capacity building of PRI &amp; VWHSC in preparing and implementation of village water resource management plan.</li> <li>• Water Quality testing: This project implementing in the all the 10 districts of Jodhpur &amp; Bikaner region, in this project total 56 water testing laboratory established at block level and minimum 3000 samples from drinking water sources collected and testing twice in year pre monsoon and post monsoon.</li> </ul>
12	<b>Rajasthan State Aids Control Society</b>	2013 to till date	Target Intervention program with Migrants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HIV focused intervention with Migrants in Alwar district</li> </ul>
13	<b>Save the Children, Finland</b>	2004-2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Family upliftment programme 40 Villages</li> <li>• Child Survival and Development Programme: 40 villages</li> <li>• Right to children for safe Drinking water</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Right to children for safe Drinking water and Sanitation Programme: 20 villages</li> <li>• Promotion of children's right to education and protection</li> <li>• Natural Resource Management – Water Harvesting Programs</li> <li>• Women empowerment &amp; Youth Development</li> <li>• Pasture Land Development in villages to increase fodder production.</li> </ul>
14	<b>Save the Children, Finland</b>	2005-2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Family upliftment programme 40 Villages</li> <li>• Child Survival and Development</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Health Activities</b></li> <li>1. Health Camp (symptomatic Treatment Camp) : mobile health care camps organized regularly in villages for community medical services</li> <li>2. Health awareness camp: Health</li> </ul>



			<p>Programme: 40 villages</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Right to children for safe Drinking water</li> </ul>	<p>awareness camp is organized in these villages on regular basis to generate community awareness on various health aspect including reproductive child health and safe motherhood.</p> <p>3. Field clinic (OPD)- there is a field clinic which provide services to the community</p> <p>4. Special Medical camp- Special medical camp used to be organized at different times including <i>Eye Camp, Vasectomy and tubectomy camps, pulse polio camp</i> etc.</p> <p><b>Child Development</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Baby Care Centers are being run by Gramodaya to provide preprimary education as well as to provide Nutritive care to children from 0 to 5 years of age.</li> <li>2. Nutrition Distribution activities for pregnant women and Lactating mother to provide nutritive care to them and generate awareness about nutritive diet.</li> <li>3. <b>Discovery of Dreams-</b> This activity is done to explore dreams of children of various groups. This is an innovative activity which has five steps:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3.1 Child Club (Pahala Kadam</li> <li>3.2 Child Rights Rally</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adolescent, Youth and Education Activities</li> </ul> <p><b>1 Gramodaya Path shala :</b> Special School has been run by Gramodaya to provide elementary education to adolescent girls who have not attended school earlier or dropped out .</p> <p><b>2 Quality Education:</b> Two centers are running of Quality education through inclusion of excluded groups and capacity building of CBO's, Teachers and other Duty</p>
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				<p>bearers.</p> <p><b>3 Capacity Building:</b> Formation of youth groups and building their capacity for village development and self-development is another important activity run by GSS.</p> <p>▪ <b>Life Skill Education to adolescent:</b> Under this activity rural adolescent mass are trained through life skill training so that they could learn the skill of negotiation and bargaining about various dimensions in life with family and surroundings. Also they are properly trained on different issues like gender, health, sexuality and self-development etc..</p>
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**CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) supported Projects:**

15	<b>United Spirits Ltd. (WASH)</b>	Ongoing	S. H. E. (Sanitation, Health & Empowerment)	SHE project is supported by CAF and funded by USL (United Sprit Limited) in 3 Villages of Ramgarh block of Alwar district of Rajasthan. SHE project is focused on Water, Health, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)
16	<b>United Spirits Ltd. (WASH)</b>	Ongoing	S. H. E. (Sanitation, Health & Empowerment)	SHE project is supported by CAF and funded by USL (United Sprit Limited) in 3 villages of Girva block in Udaipur district of Rajasthan. SHE project is focused on Water, Health, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)
17	<b>Canon India (WASH)</b>	Ongoing	Resource Centre	This project supported by CANON India the focus of the project is Eye, Education, and Environment, and promotion of quality and joyfully education in government schools, child friendly and safe drinking water and sanitation facilities including social, physical and mental development for students, Vocational training for school going and out of school adolescents.
18	<b>MOHRD (WASH)</b>	Ongoing	School Sanitation	This programme Supported by REC (Rural Electrification Corporation) through MOHRD in consortium with Culp Taru. Within this project constructed 60 toilets in the schools of Salumber, Kherwara, and Sarada block of Udaipur district.
19	<b>Cannon India</b>	Ongoing	Vision Care Center	Eye care, Cataract screening, Cataract operation through authorized OT.

Other Ongoing Projects				
20	<b>Rajasthan State AIDS Control Society</b>	Ongoing	Migrant Target intervention	This programme focused migrant destination population for aware, testing, preventive services and referral services to migrants in industrial area of Bhiwadi and Alwar of Rajasthan.
21	<b>NABARD</b>	Ongoing	Self Help Group	SHG programme implementing in 90 Villages of Deedwana Block in Nagaur district.
22	<b>Mahatma Gandhi University of medical sciences and Technology, Jaipur</b>	Ongoing	Tele medicine	Telemedicine center in the remote area of TONK, JAIPUR and Dausa district in Rajasthan
23	<b>United Spirits Ltd. and CAF India (Sanitation)</b>	Ongoing	Sanitary Napkin	Sanitary napkin plant for personal hygiene in the women of rural area, We should be provide sanitary napkin on low cost to rural women and adolescent girls.

**c. Media Links**

- **website:** [www.gramodaya.in](http://www.gramodaya.in)
- **YouTube links:**  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hqaK9EPPiys>  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S962egE0v8Q>  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zsYXCZBk3FI>  
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oOT64raipB8>  
[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n\\_1d6QGHNTg](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n_1d6QGHNTg)

**d. Social Media links:**

Facebook: <https://web.facebook.com/gramodayasamajik.sansthan>  
 FB Page: <https://web.facebook.com/gramodayachaksu/>  
 Twitter: <https://twitter.com/Gramodaya1>